

## ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7875b

## Specification

# ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity	WB, IHC-P,E <u>P30038</u> Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	61719
Antigen Region	533-561

## ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 8659

#### **Other Names**

Delta-1-pyrroline-5-carboxylate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial, P5C dehydrogenase, Aldehyde dehydrogenase family 4 member A1, L-glutamate gamma-semialdehyde dehydrogenase, ALDH4A1, ALDH4, P5CDH

#### Target/Specificity

This ALDH4A1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 533-561 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ALDH4A1.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions

ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

### Name ALDH4A1



## Synonyms ALDH4, P5CDH

**Function** Irreversible conversion of delta-1-pyrroline-5-carboxylate (P5C), derived either from proline or ornithine, to glutamate. This is a necessary step in the pathway interconnecting the urea and tricarboxylic acid cycles. The preferred substrate is glutamic gamma- semialdehyde, other substrates include succinic, glutaric and adipic semialdehydes.

**Cellular Location** Mitochondrion matrix.

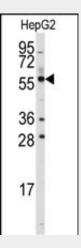
**Tissue Location** Highest expression is found in liver followed by skeletal muscle, kidney, heart, brain, placenta, lung and pancreas

## ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

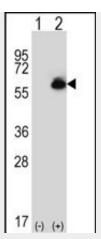
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

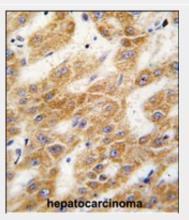
ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of anti-ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP7875b) in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). ALDH4A1(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of ALDH4A1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP7875b). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the ALDH4A1 gene.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma tissue reacted with ALDH4A1 antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

# ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

ALDH4A1 belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family of proteins. This enzyme is a mitochondrial matrix NAD-dependent dehydrogenase which catalyzes the second step of the proline degradation pathway, converting pyrroline-5-carboxylate to glutamate. Deficiency of this enzyme is associated with type II hyperprolinemia, an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by accumulation of delta-1-pyrroline-5-carboxylate (P5C) and proline.

# ALDH4A1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Yoon,K.A., J. Hum. Genet. 49 (3), 134-140 (2004) Geraghty,M.T., Hum. Mol. Genet. 7 (9), 1411-1415 (1998)